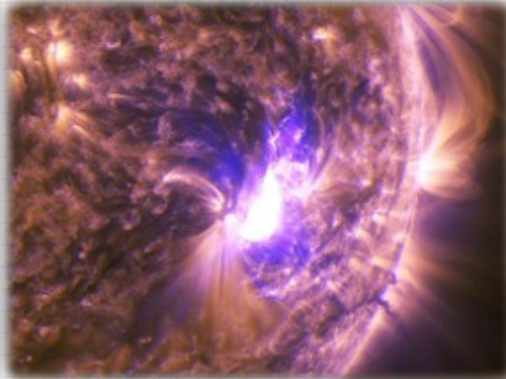
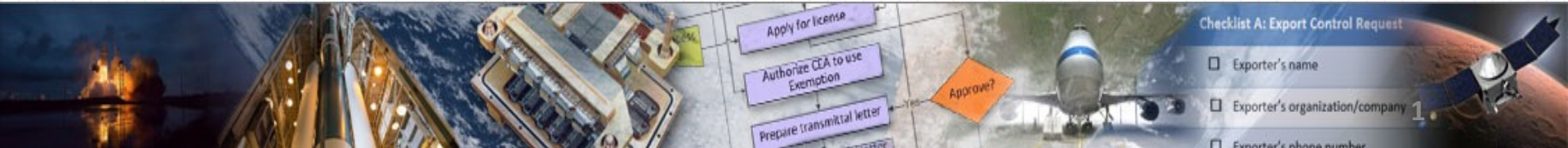


Small Explorers-Class AO Pre-Proposal Conference



Juan F. Santos
NASA Headquarters Export Administrator (HEA)
October 6, 2022



Compliance is Part of the NASA Mission



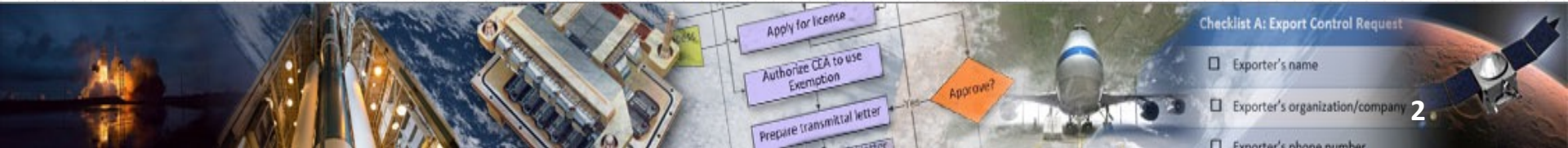
"It is NASA policy to ensure that exports and transfers of commodities, technical data, or software to foreign persons are carried out in accordance with United States export control laws and regulations, and Administration and NASA policy."

-NPD 2190.1B, Section 1.a.

"We want to maximize the benefits of our international efforts while ensuring that we comply with U.S. export control laws and regulations. This is the personal responsibility of each employee."

-NPR 2190.1C, Section 2.1.1.

Compliance is everyone's job at NASA

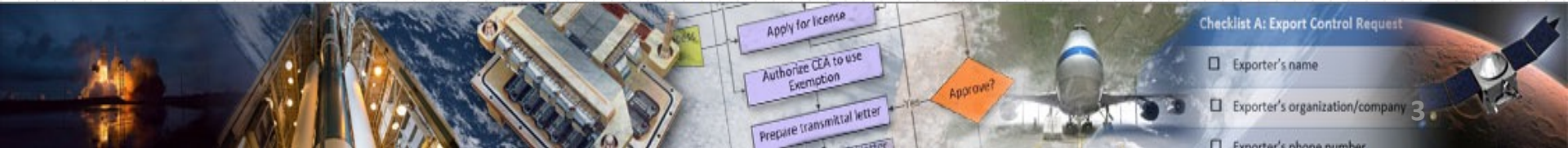


What is an Export?

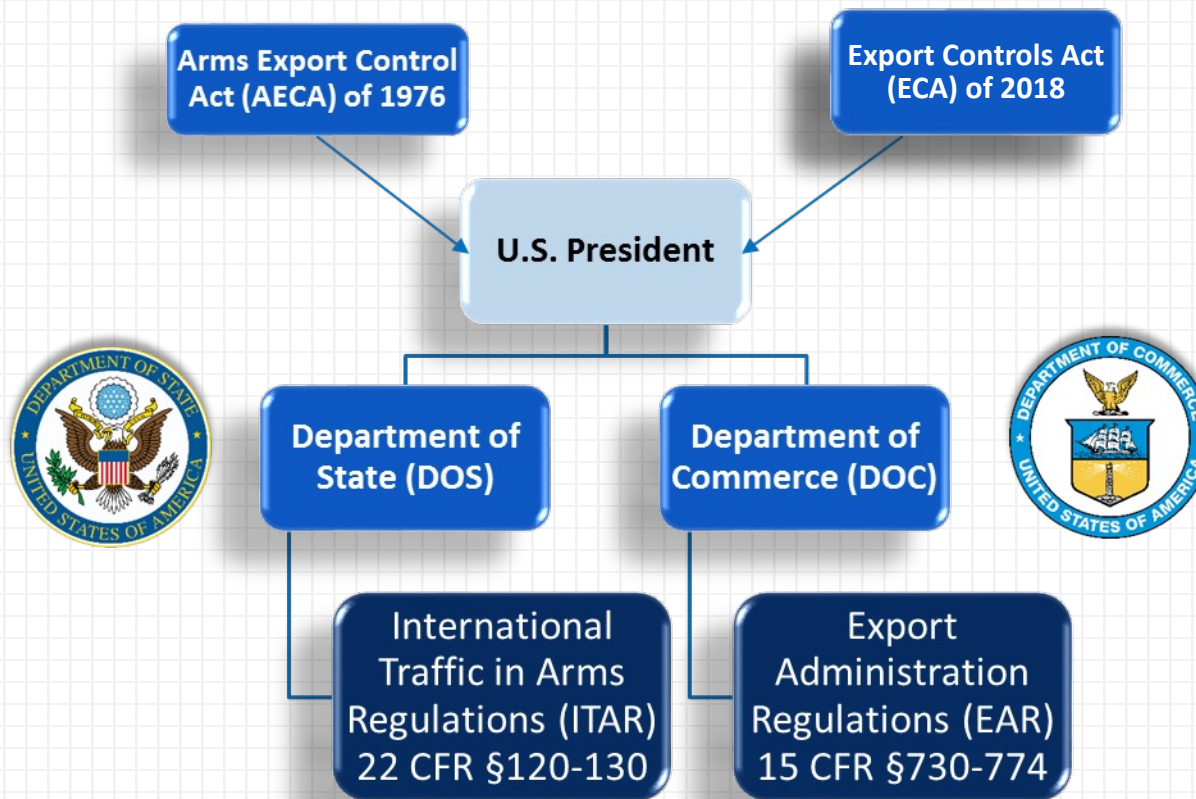
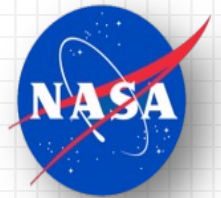


An export is the transfer of anything to a foreign person or a foreign destination *by any means*, anywhere, anytime.

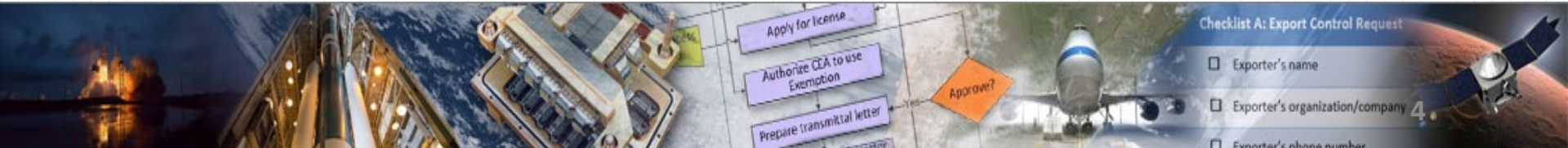
An export can involve a commodity, software, technical data, technology, and/or providing a defense service or technical assistance.



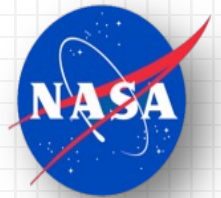
Export Control Laws and Regulations



- The goal of these regulations is to protect our national security and policy interests.
- Both the **ITAR** and the **EAR** include civil and criminal penalties for export control violations that can result in monetary penalties, imprisonment, or both.



Export Control Laws and Regulations



Dept. of State

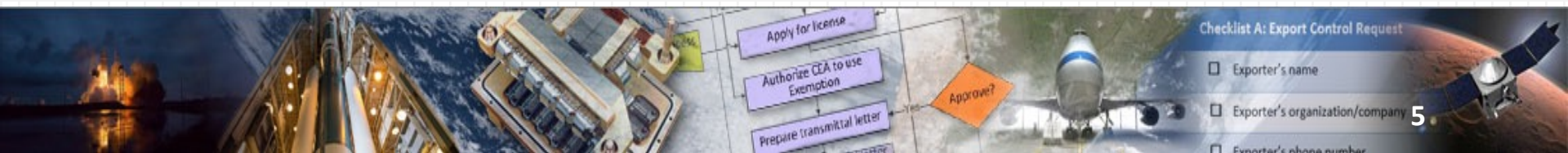
The **ITAR** controls the export of goods and technical data that are principally used in military or intelligence applications, including critical defense articles, services, and technologies. These items are identified on the **United States Munitions List (USML)**, and include certain items listed on the **Missile Technology Control Regime (MTCR) Annex**.



Dept. of Commerce

The **EAR** controls goods and technologies that have civil, commercial, military, and intelligence applications. These items are identified on the **Commerce Control List (CCL)**, including certain items found on the **MTCR Annex**.

If an item is listed on the USML or the CCL, an export authorization is required.



United States Munitions List (USML)



I - Firearms, Close Assault Weapons, and Combat Shotguns

II - Guns and Armament

III - Ammunition/Ordnance

IV - Launch Vehicles, Guided Missiles, Ballistic Missiles, Rockets, Torpedoes, Bombs, and Mines

V - Explosives and Energetic Materials, Propellants, Incendiary Agents and Their Constituents

VI – Surface Vessels of War and Special Naval Equipment

VII - Ground Vehicles

VIII - Aircraft and Related Articles

IX - Military Training Equipment and Training

X - Personal Protective Equipment

XI - Military Electronics

XII - Fire Control, Range Finder, Optical and Guidance and Control Equipment

XIII - Materials and Miscellaneous Articles

XIV - Toxicological Agents, Including Chemical Agents, Biological Agents, and Associated Equipment

XV - Spacecraft and Related Articles

XVI - Nuclear Weapons Related Articles

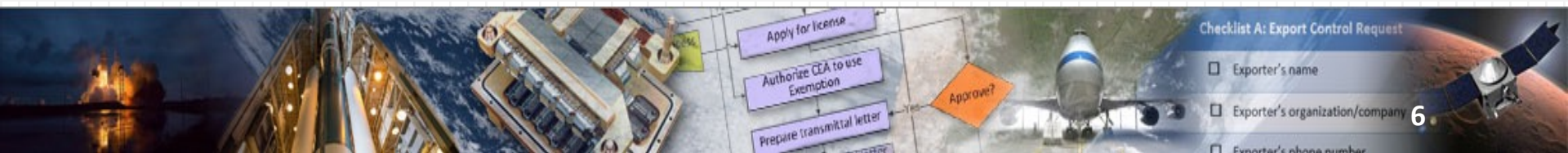
XVII - Classified Articles, Technical Data and Defense Services Not Otherwise Enumerated

XVIII - Directed Energy Weapons

XIX - Gas Turbine Engines and Associated Equipment

XX - Submersible Vessels and Related Articles

XXI - Articles, Technical Data, and Defense Services Not Otherwise Enumerated



Commerce Control List (CCL)



Category 0 - Nuclear Materials, Facilities and Equipment and Misc.

Category 1 - Materials, Chemicals, Microorganisms and Toxins

Category 2 - Materials Processing

Category 3 - Electronics

Category 4 – Computers

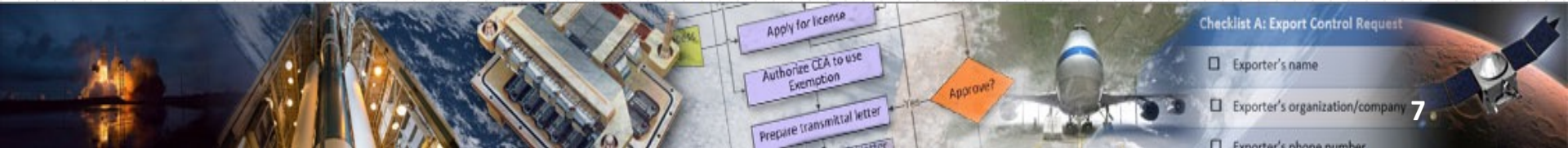
Category 5 - Telecommunications and Information Security

Category 6 - Lasers and Sensors

Category 7 - Navigation and Avionics

Category 8 - Marine

Category 9 - Propulsion Systems, Space Vehicles and Related Equipment



Technical Data and Defense Services



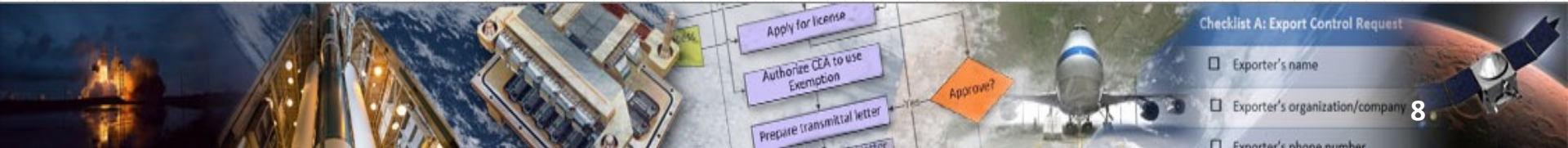
The Department of State (DOS) has specific definitions of technical data and defense services:

Technical Data

Technical data is information that is required for the design, development, production, manufacture, assembly, operation, repair, testing, maintenance or modification of an export-controlled item and must be protected in accordance with export control regulations (ITAR).

Defense Services

The furnishing of assistance (including training) to foreign persons, whether in the United States or abroad in the design, development, engineering, manufacture, production, assembly, testing, repair, maintenance, modification, operation, demilitarization, destruction, processing or use of defense articles (ITAR).



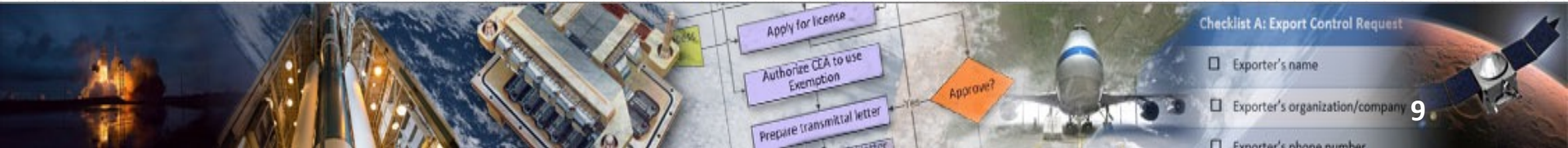
Technology



The Department of Commerce (DOC) has a specific definition of technology:

Technology

Per DOC, technology is specific information necessary for the “development,” “production,” or “use” of a product. The information takes the form of “technical data” or “technical assistance” (EAR).



Technology



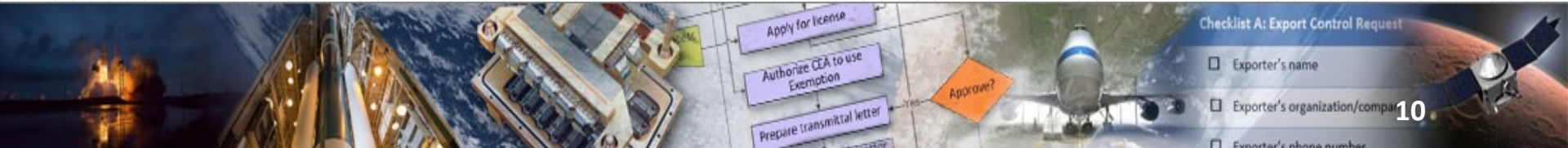
Additionally, DOC has specific definitions of technical data and technical assistance:

Technical Data

Per DOC, technical data may take forms such as blueprints, plans, diagrams, models, formulae, tables, engineering designs and specifications, manuals and instructions written or recorded on other media or devices such as disk, tape, read only memories.

Technical Assistance

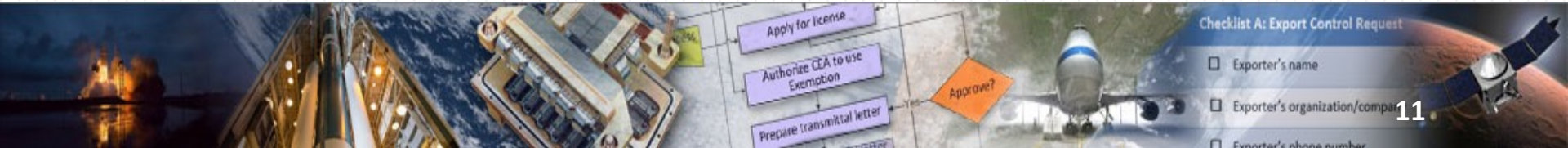
Per DOC, technical assistance may take forms such as instruction, skills, training, working knowledge, consulting services. Technical assistance may involve transfer of technical data.



Proposal Best Practices



- Identify all foreign partners and participants
- Mark or identify export-controlled and proprietary information
 - Mark either pages, sections, or paragraphs
- Understand and make clear your responsibilities under the U.S. export control regulations
 - Articulate your export control plans



NASA International Agreements



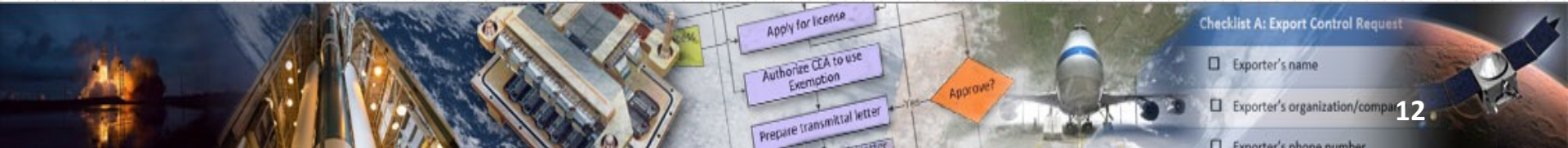
International Agreements are the basis for NASA's foreign cooperative (or reimbursable) activity.

Define the parties' responsibilities, scope of work, and cooperation terms & conditions.

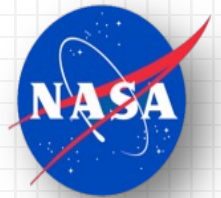
All NASA International Agreements must contain a clause on transfers of controlled goods & data.

NASA International Agreements do **NOT** trump export control laws & regulations.

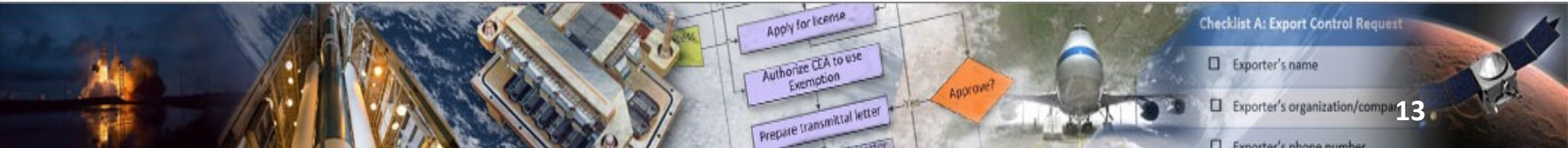
An International Agreement does not replace a contractor's need for a license or other export authorization.



NASA Contractors and Export Control



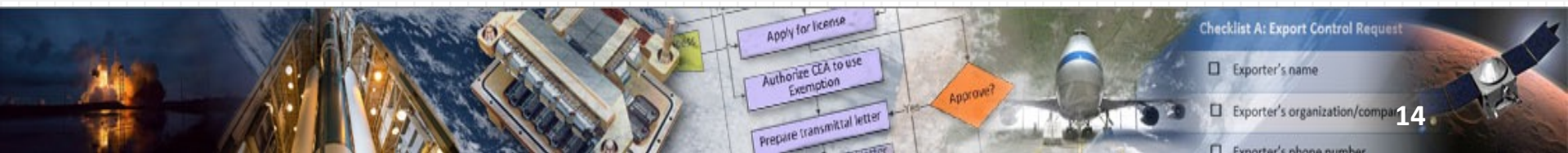
- NASA contractor(s) and their subcontractors are responsible for export compliance, including obtaining the required export authorizations and maintaining required records.
 - See NASA Fed. Acquisition Regs., NFS Clause 1825.1103-70 "Export control"
 - See NASA Fed. Acquisition Regs., NFS Clause 1852.225-70 "Export Licenses"
- NPD/NPR 2190 are applicable to NASA contractors and grantees, as required by NASA contracts or grants.
- NASA contractors are asked to coordinate with NASA in advance of any license applications in furtherance of NASA programs.
- NASA provides review of licenses submitted to the Department of State and the Department of Commerce.



NASA & Contractor Best Practices



- NASA Program/Project Managers, Center Export Administrator/Export Control Staff and Contractors should coordinate early and often.
 - Understand what is controlled
 - Identify international parties involved
 - Add export milestones to program/project schedule
 - Develop technology transfer control plan
 - Coordinate meetings with international parties well in advance
- Determine and mark the export jurisdiction of data/hardware when created or acquired.
- Maintain export records going back up to 5 years, per regulatory requirements.

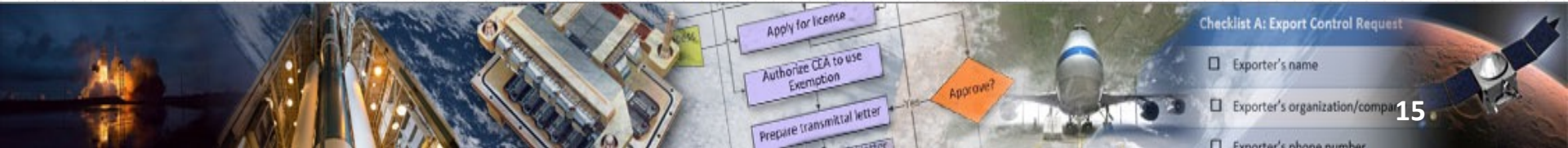


Important Links



NASA Export Control Contacts

<https://www.nasa.gov/oirr/export-control>



Important Links

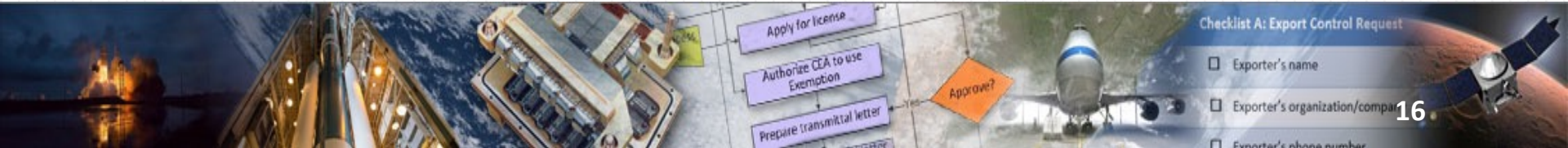


The Department of State is the regulatory authority for defense articles and defense services.

<http://www.pmddtc.state.gov/>

The Department of Commerce is the regulatory authority for dual-use items.

<http://www.bis.doc.gov/>



Questions



Juan Santos
NASA HQ Export Administrator
juan.f.santos@nasa.gov
202-358-1792

Michael Y. Tu
NASA Associate HQ Export
Administrator
michael.y.tu@nasa.gov
202-358-1196

